

▲ Starlings near St. Helen's Church, 7th December (photo: Andrea May).

BIRDS ON LUNDY 2022

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REVIEW OF THE BIRDING YEAR

A total of 159 species (pending three outstanding rarity decisions) were recorded during 2022. Highlights included:

- Record spring counts of Brambling in March
- Big counts of 400 Willow Warbler in August and 12,000 Swallow in September
- Earliest autumn record for Ring Ouzel on 2nd September
- Adult male Baltimore Oriole on 8th October
- Record count of 4.000 Fieldfare in October
- Five species of goose recorded during the year

Note: Due to failure of the island's weather station, no data on temperature are available beyond the month of July.

JANUARY - Max temp 13.3°C, min -1.6°C, mean 7.5°C. Rainfall 83.1 mm. 60 species recorded

The month started with strong southwesterly and westerly winds, with a brief change to the north on 4th & 5th. Dense fog on 10th cleared with light winds for the rest of the week bringing some early spring-like conditions. Towards the end of the month fog was frequent but it remained relatively mild.

A few migrants were noted from 4th including Skylark, Siskin and Fieldfare. Goldcrests and Woodpigeons were present throughout January with numbers building towards the end of the month. A Cormorant was seen around Rocket Pole Pond until 3rd. A Merlin was frequently seen hunting around the south of the island and a **Kestrel** arrived on 13th. On Pondsbury the number of **Teal** remained at around 10 with a maximum of 12. The 12th and 13th also saw some early migration, with a Brambling, three Lesser Redpolls, 24 Linnets, 380 Starlings and five Golden Plovers, as well as a Lapland Bunting that flew over the Village with Skylarks. A total of 36 Golden Plovers were recorded, including 13 flying over Ackland's Moor on 28th. A Ringed Plover flew over the Village on 14th. Coinciding with a small arrival of Woodpigeons, a Stock Dove was seen on 14th and another, or the same bird, was still in Millcombe on 22nd, 26th, 28th & 29th. An elusive female **Bullfinch** was heard between 16th & 24th. A **Collared** Dove in the Farmyard on 19th was the first winter record since 2000. A total of 58 Oystercatchers were counted during a perimeter walk of the whole island on 31st. Snipe were often flushed from wet areas and Jack Snipe were seen on 5th, 26th & 31st. There were eight records of Chiffchaff during the month. Reed Buntings were frequently seen in the gorse south of Pondsbury, including a male and two females on 21st. First seen on 26th, a Lapwing was in Barton Field until the end of the month. Bizarrely, the only Woodcock seen this month was roosting in the Casbah on 28th. Water Rails were occasionally heard calling from around Millcombe Pond and Smelly Gully. Large feeding flocks of gulls and other seabirds were frequently seen off the East Side, with up to 2,000 Kittiwakes and occasional Mediterranean and Common Gulls. Guillemots, Razorbills and Fulmars were all seen on the cliffs along the West Side preparing for a busy breeding season. At least two Great Northern Divers were seen in the Landing Bay throughout the month and the first **Red-throated Diver** was seen on 31st.

Rarities and scarcities

The Pink-footed Goose and White-fronted Goose first seen on 23rd December 2021 were still present in High Street Field on New Year's Day but not subsequently. A Siberian Chiffchaff was heard calling in the Secret Garden on 9th.

FEBRUARY - Max temp 11.4°C, min 2.7°C, mean 8.5°C. Rainfall 115.6 mm. 57 species recorded

The beginning of the month was mostly dry and bright with moderate winds. Strong winds from the west started on 4th, continuing for much of the month, although there were a few quieter days from 7th and the 9th started with fog. Severe weather warnings were in place for the week of 14th to 20th and Storms Dudley, Eunice and Franklin whipped across the island in quick succession, bringing gusts of up to 86mph before the weather station broke! The 25th to 27th were dry and bright.

Mild mornings encouraged the first Song Thrush, Robin, Dunnock and Chaffinch to start singing in Millcombe. Up to 11 Teal and 19 Mallards were logged, along with up to three Woodpigeons on most days. A Stock Dove was seen on 25th & 28th. A total of 14 Snipe were counted on 1st, most of which were on a wet flush in South West Field. There were also three records of Jack Snipe, on 4th, 11th & 17th, A Woodcock was flushed along Quarter Wall on 7th, The Lapwing from January stayed until 2nd. The Merlin continued to hunt around the south of the island up to 17th and was observed hunting migrating Skylarks as well as the resident Starlings. Kittiwake numbers continued to build off the East Side, with a maximum count of 3,500 before dropping back to 500 on 11th. Several smaller gull species were present amongst them, including totals of 71 Common Gulls, nine Black-headed Gulls and six Mediterranean Gulls. At least three Great Northern Divers were in the Landing Bay and Red-throated Divers were noted up to 17th. Chiffchaff (max three) and Goldcrest (max five) were recorded almost daily. A female Black Redstart was on the slope below Benjamin's Chair on 25th. Some finch movement was noted, with four Bramblings north and 73 Linnets over on 11th. Four Greenfinches were logged, with one on 11th, two on 15th and one on 28th, A **Bullfinch** was heard again in Millcombe on 6th & 8th. A single **Siskin** was heard on 17th. **Meadow Pipit** migration started towards the end of the month with 52 counted on 26th and 66 on 27th. The first **Snow Bunting** of the year was beyond Threequarter Wall on 2nd and **Reed Buntings** continued to be seen in the gorse south of Pondsbury on 8th & 11th.

Rarities and scarcities

A single **Little Gull** was seen with **Kittiwakes** off the East Side on 2nd and then two the following day. After the mid-month storms, a 2nd calendar-year **Iceland Gull** was on Ackland's Moor on 19th.

MARCH - Max temp 14.1°C, min 2.3°C, mean 9.2°C Rainfall 52.6 mm. 76 species recorded

Wind from the north and east brought a cold but clear first week. Winds picked up from the 8th with occasional showers and drizzle. Easterly winds continued until the end of the month and it remained bright and mild.

Spring passage got into full swing with the first arrivals of trans-Saharan migrants being two Wheatears on 8th A Chiffchaff on 8th was likely the first new arrival, following the departure of wintering birds before the end of February. Sand Martins were first seen on 10th and then on ten further dates, peaking at five on 27th. The first Swallows appeared on 15th building to 25 by the end of the month. The first Puffins arrived on 12th with eight in Jenny's Cove and the first on land were recorded on 22nd. Manx Shearwaters were not far behind with a bird calling from a burrow below Old Light on 19th. A House Martin was seen at North Light on 20th, with three other single birds passing through towards the end of the month. The first Blackcap occurred on 17th with Willow Warblers arriving from 21st. A female Firecrest was present on three days from 18th, followed by a male on 24th. **Meadow Pipit** migration was notable on 10th & 20th with more than 100 on both dates. The first Tree Pipit was heard on 27th. The first six White Wagtails were seen on 20th followed by nine across the island on both 22nd & 23rd. A Mistle Thrush seen on 21st hung around until the end of the month. The first Ring Ouzels of the year were all males, with singles on 28th and two on 29th. The most notable arrival was a fall of **Bramblings** on 20th & 21st with record spring counts of 33 and 40 across the island. The first small flocks of Siskin were seen on 24th, 25th & 27th, A female Bullfinch was in Millcombe on 27th. Single **Reed Buntings** were recorded on 10th & 27th.

A high count of 13 **Teal** was made on 16th, and of 20 **Mallards** on 10th. **Woodpigeons** were recorded every day, flocks of 10 being seen on 16th & 31st. **Stock Doves** were noted on ten dates, with two present on 26th & 27th. Six **Golden Plovers** flew north on 22nd, while the first **Dunlin** of the year were seen along the West Side on 20th & 23rd. At least two **Jack Snipe** and three **Snipe** were counted on multiple occasions. Five **Black-headed Gulls** were off North End and the Terrace on 22nd. Fewer **Kittiwakes** were seen, the biggest count being 451 on 20th. The last **Red-throated Divers** of the winter were seen on 22nd, including one off Rat Island and another two off North Light. A flock of seven **Grey Herons** headed north past Jenny's Cove on 19th, another individual stopping off on the island from 21st to 23rd. A male **Kestrel** arrived on 16th and remained to breed. A female **Merlin** was seen on ten dates and a **Sparrowhawk** was logged on three dates. A **Rook** was heard calling over the Village on 14th. **Skylarks** started song-flighting whilst others were seen moving south, the highest count being 50 on 22nd.

Rarities and scarcities

A 2nd calendar-year **Yellow-legged Gull** was in Tillage Field with **Herring Gulls** on 4th. A female **Great Spotted Woodpecker** was seen on the Terrace and in Quarter Wall Copse on 29th & 30th. A **Grey Plover** flew over Ackland's Moor calling on 25th.

FIRST DATES FOR SPRING MIGRANTS

8 th	Wheatear, Chiffchaff
9 th	Grey Wagtail
10 th	Sand Martin
12 th	Puffin
15 th	Swallow
17 th	Blackcap
19 th	Grey Heron, Manx Shearwater
20 th	Dunlin, House Martin, White Wagtail
21st	Willow Warbler
24 th	Siskin
27 th	Tree Pipit
28^{th}	Ring Ouzel
2 rd	Redstart
•	Neustan
	9th 10th 12th 15th 17th 19th 20th 21st 24th 27th

Whitethroat

12th Sandwich Tern, Yellow Wagtail

14th Grasshopper Warbler Sedge Warbler 15th17th Pied Flycatcher

 20^{th} Whimbrel, Lesser Whitethroat 23rd Ringed Plover, Common Sandpiper

24th Reed Warbler, Whinchat

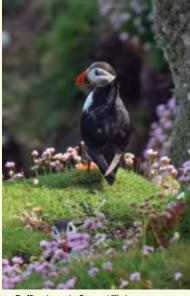
25th Osprey 27th Swift

29th Curlew, Garden Warbler 30^{th} Spotted Flycatcher

May 1st Cuckoo 11th Hobby

LAST DATES FOR 'WINTER' VISITORS

March	22 nd 27 th	Red-throated Diver Reed Bunting
April	4 th 8 th 12 th 30 th	Jack Snipe, Fieldfare Brambling Redwing Great Northern Diver
May	1 st 7 th 8 th 11 th 13 th 27 th	Snipe Firecrest Snow Bunting Goldcrest Woodcock Merlin



▲ Puffin, Jenny's Cove, 15th June (photo: Richard Campey).

▼ Firecrest. Millcombe (photo: Richard Campey).



APRIL - Max temp 16.2°C, min 1.9°C, mean 9.4°C. Rainfall 15.5 mm. 105 species recorded

Strong winds from the northeast and west at the start of the month. Rain was recorded on 4th and some hail on 6th. Poor visibility on 13th preceded light winds from the south. Towards the end of the month the winds picked up from the east.

Migration continued to gather pace with some very busy days, especially in Millcombe. A Firecrest and five Goldcrests were seen on 3rd, with single Goldcrests present on another four dates. The first Redstart was a male seen by the Ugly on 3rd. Four Bramblings were also seen on 3rd with a single bird up to 8th. Two female **Bullfinches** were ringed on 3rd and one was seen on 4th, followed by a male on 7th. Low cloud on 4th brought in some migrant thrushes, among them 66 Redwings (including a flock of 40) seen across the island, four Fieldfares and two Mistle Thrushes. A count of 17 Woodpigeons on 5th was the highest of the month. A Snow Bunting was heard flying over Rocket Pole on 5th. Chaffinches were confirmed breeding in Millcombe when mating was witnessed on 5th. A total of nine Cormorants heading north during the month included a flock of five on 9th. A Grey Heron flew north on 10th. Some 30 Willow Warblers and 40 Blackcaps were seen on 3rd before an arrival of 60 Willow Warblers. 30 Chiffchaffs and 150 Blackcaps occurred on 16th, At least two Merlins were noted - a male on 10th and a female on 13 dates. There were a few days of strong Meadow Pipit migration until just the breeding birds remained. The highest totals were 75 on 10th, 122 on 11th and 91 on 12th. Along with the **Meadow Pipits**, a total of six individual **Tree Pipits** were recorded flying over. The first Whitethroat was seen in Millcombe on 11th. The last Redwing of the spring was a single bird on 12th. Also on this date a Sandwich Tern flew across the Landing Bay, whilst a Yellow Wagtail over Quarter Wall was also the first of the year. A further three were recorded during the month, including a male Blue-headed Wagtail from 24th to 26th. After fog on 13th, the first three Grasshopper Warblers of the year were heard reeling. The first Sedge Warbler was ringed, along with 24 Willow Warblers and 57 Blackcaps mist-netted in Milcombe on 14th. A Water Rail was singing by Quarter Wall on 15th. Eighteen Stonechats were logged on 17th, probably a mix of resident breeders and passage birds. Six Pied Flycatchers included a male on the Terrace on 17th, while a male and two females were in Millcombe on 26th, A Rook flew over Castle Hill on 19th.

The number of **Swallows** moving north increased towards the end of the month. Highest counts were 4,200 on 27th and 1,020 on 29th. The peak **Sand Martin** count was 57 on 14th, whilst 75 **House Martins** passed through on 27th, the same date as the first **Swifts** were seen. Three firsts of the year were a **Lesser Whitethroat** on 20th, a **Reed Warbler** at Pondsbury on 24th and a **Garden Warbler** on 29th. Numbers of **Blackcap** picked up again, with 50 on 26th & 30th. A **Treecreeper** was in Millcombe on 26th. A single **Whinchat** was present on 24th. Six **Redstarts** included a male and female together on 25th & 26th. **Wheatear** arrivals picked up towards the end of the month with 93 on 24th and 140 on 27th. **Grey Wagtails** were seen on 25th & 27th and **White Wagtails** were seen regularly, including five on 11th. Frequent passage flocks of **Goldfinch** and **Linnet** reached maxima of 38 on 14th & 15th, and 79 on 24th, respectively, along with six separate **Siskins** and a single **Lesser Redpoll**. **Collared Doves** were seen on multiple dates and the first **Spotted Flycatcher** arrived on 30th.

As well as passerines, waders were on the move, with a **Jack Snipe** on 4th and a **Golden Plover** on 10th, followed by a **Sanderling** on Pondsbury on 12th. The first **Whimbrels**, two on Rat Island, were seen on 20th with a further 17 records during the month, mostly in the vicinity of Benjamin's Chair. Single **Dunlin** were seen on 10th & 25th. **Ringed Plovers** were noted on 23rd & 27th, a **Common Sandpiper** was in the Landing Bay on 23rd, 29th & 30th, a **Curlew** flew over the Church on 29th and a **Bar-tailed Godwit** was in Devil's Kitchen on 30th.



▲ Peregrine, East Side, 19th June (photo: Richard Campey).

Of the breeding birds, the first **Mallard** ducklings (12 in Barton Field) were seen on 29th, while a male and two female Teal were present at Pondsbury. Seabird numbers steadily built as they returned to their breeding areas. At least 10,000 Guillemots, 3,000 Razorbills and 124 Puffins were counted on 24th. A Great Northern Diver remained in the Landing Bay. A Sparrowhawk and a pair of Kestrels were seen regularly, while the highest count of Peregrine was eight on 24th. **Skylarks** were in full voice across the island, particularly in South West Field and on Ackland's Moor.

Rarities and scarcities

The female Great Spotted Woodpecker was seen again along the Terrace on 7th & 18th. Two Canada Geese were in Barton Field on 9th and another two (or possibly the same pair) flew over Oldenburg as it departed on 12th, A Barnacle Goose - the 12th island record - flew over Benjamin's Chair on 10th. A Grey Phalarope was spotted with Kittiwakes in Jenny's Cove on 12th. A female Hawfinch was ringed on 18th and seen again in Millcombe on 21st. An immature Marsh Harrier was over Ackland's Moor on 17th and an Osprey flew north over Millcombe on 25th. A Bonelli's Warbler species, thought more likely to be Eastern, was on the wall by Old Light on 25th (a record subject to acceptance by BBRC). A male Eastern or Western Subalpine Warbler was then seen by Quarter Wall on 26th. (This record was not accepted to species level by BBRC). Two immature **Shelducks** were ashore at Benjamin's Chair on 26th before flying east. Another Hawfinch flew over Millcombe on 30th.

MAY - Max temp 17.8°C, min 6.9°C, mean 12.0°C. Rainfall 51.1 mm. 95 species recorded

A mostly dry month though often overcast and with some heavy rain on 10th. Moderate winds from the west and northwest shifted to the east on 15th. Light to moderate southwesterly winds returned from 17th until 27th. The wind was from the northeast for the end of the month.

The month brought a good mix of migratory and breeding species. Despite the many breeding attempts made by Mallards, as is common on Lundy most ducklings did not reach fledging age. Eight Teal ducklings were on Pondsbury on 28th. The numbers of Guillemots and Razorbills on ledges dropped as pairs split up to feed hungry chicks. A full island count on 19th recorded 6,901 Guillemots and 2,237 Razorbills, whilst 340 Puffins were counted on 20th. Storm Petrels were calling during the day at a known breeding colony on 15th & 16th. The Kestrels were seen most days, as were the island's **Peregrine** pairs, with a high count of 10. There were good numbers of Stonechat as the first broods of young fledged and family groups were seen around the island. The majority of Goldfinches and Linnets were by now breeding birds, though some were still moving north, as perhaps were a few Meadow Pipits and Wheatears.



▲ Female Blackcap, Millcombe, 17th June (photo: Richard Campey).

One or two Siskins were present early in the month, and a female Snow Bunting was around from 1st to 8th, mostly seen by Quarter Wall. Collared Doves were frequently recorded with a high count of four on 3rd. There were multiple busy days of hirundine passage, with peaks of 4,000 Swallows on 2nd and 1,000 on 14th. Sand Martins and House Martins were recorded just as frequently, though in much lower numbers (max 32 and 200) respectively. A single Sparrowhawk was seen on 3rd, After 100 Willow Warblers on 1st, the daily count dropped to between one and five from 6th. Chiffchaff and Blackcap numbers were low, with maximum counts of ten Chiffchaff and 30 Blackcap on 3rd. Sedge Warblers were more regular; 16 were counted on 3rd and at least one was seen between the 6th & 19th. One or two Reed Warblers were logged in the first half of the month. A high of three **Grasshopper Warblers** were present on 1st, with one or two Garden Warblers recorded on eight dates and similar numbers of Lesser Whitethroats seen on four days. A female Firecrest was ringed in Millcombe on 7th and a Goldcrest was present from 9th to 11th. At least one Whitethroat was seen every day, with a high count of eight on 16th. Swifts were recorded on 14 dates, the highest count being 18 on 11th. Whinchats were present on four days. Two Lesser Redpolls were seen on 12th and one the following day. Nine sightings of **Cuckoo** were made, mostly along the East Side, though no breeding evidence was noted. Two **Merlins** were seen on 27th. Two **Wood Warblers** on 15th included a male singing in Millcombe. A Common Gull was in the Landing Bay on 16th. Tree Pipits reached a high of three on 1st. There was a push of Yellow Wagtails from 13th, including two Blue-headed Wagtails, most seen in Barton Field, while Grey Wagtails were recorded on four days up to the 14th. Continental White Wagtails were logged on 14 dates. Spotted Flycatchers were seen on 23 dates, peaking at 20 on 19th, with single Pied Flycatchers on 1st & 19th. Meanwhile, sightings of Redstarts were made on just three days up to the 19th, followed by single Black Redstarts on three days later in the month

It was another varied month for waders. Other than the breeding **Oystercatchers**, a single **Golden Plover** was seen between 13th & 20th and a **Ringed Plover** on 18th. Six **Whimbrels**,

two Curlews and a Snipe were seen on 1st. Whimbrels were then seen on a further nine dates. Dunlin peaked at four on 2nd. An exceptionally late Woodcock flying over Pondsbury on 13th pursued by a **Peregrine** unfortunately did not survive the chase.

Rarities and scarcities

A Greenshank was present from 2nd to 7th, often seen with a Bar-tailed Godwit which stayed till 9th. A female **Hawfinch** was ringed on 2nd and retrapped on 3rd, with another bird present on 13th, the same day that a female Bluethroat was seen briefly on the Lower East Side Path south of Gannets' Combe. During high tide on 15th a Purple Sandpiper was on rocks at Brazen Ward. Shelducks were seen on 4th (one) and 18th (two). Single Hooded Crows were seen on 2nd & 12th. An entirely unanticipated 'first' for the island occurred on 22nd when a female Mandarin Duck appeared in the Landing Bay. An elusive Golden Oriole was in Millcombe between 24th & 27th.

It was a good month for birds of prey. A Red Kite toured the island on 8th. There were multiple Hobby sightings involving birds quickly passing through, including three on 16th. A Marsh Harrier flew over on 18th and an Osprey on 27th.

JUNE - Max temp 22.8°C, min 8.4°C, mean 14.2°C, Rainfall 40.8 mm, 67 species recorded

A hot, calm and dry to start to the month followed by easterly winds on 4th & 5th bringing rain. Moderate winds from the north and west for the rest of the month, picking up from 25th.

Usually a quieter month for migration, there were still a few species passing through the island. Swifts were recorded on 13 dates with the largest counts of 50 and 38 on 21st & 23rd respectively. There was some apparent interest in nesting with many individuals inspecting St Helen's Church. A Cuckoo was seen on 12th and another on 27th & 28th. Single Dunlin were logged on 3rd & 5th and six were counted during rain and strong winds on 4th. Hirundines were still trickling through. although the totals logged for Sand Martin and House Martin were fewer than 20 each for the whole month. The peak Swallow count was 35 on 13th, though our small breeding population accounted for the majority seen on most days. Spotted Flycatchers continued to pass through until 9th. A single Black Redstart was seen on 5th.

Three Black-headed Gulls were noted on 4th and a single bird flew over the Landing Bay on 30th. Seabirds were still present in large numbers, especially Guillemots, Razorbills and Puffins. Cormorant and Grey Heron were both noted on four dates, with flocks of five Cormorants on 3rd and five Grey Herons on 21st. A Sparrowhawk flew over the Village on 7th. The Kestrel pair on the West Side were frequently seen carrying Pygmy Shrews towards the nest site and two fledged chicks were seen by the Battery on 30th.

The last singing Willow Warbler of the spring was heard on 7th. Three singing Chiffchaffs were recorded on 9th, with a maximum of six individuals on 1st & 5th, A Sedge Warbler was seen on 3rd, whilst a singing male and two calling birds at Quarter Wall Copse on 8th suggests a possible breeding attempt. Single Reed Warblers were heard on 3rd & 13th. Ten Blackcaps were logged on 10th – an unusually late double-digit count – with mostly single birds recorded on other days. Three pairs of **Whitethroat** were busy feeding young in Millcombe.

Starlings, Blackbirds, Skylarks and Meadow Pipits were all busy raising young. A male Song Thrush continued to sing nearly every day in Millcombe, though there was no sign of any potential mate and so no indication of breeding. The majority of Wheatears were on territory, high counts for the month being 50 on 3rd and 40 on three other days. At least three pairs of Pied Wagtail were visiting nest sites around the Village. In addition to the island's breeding Chaffinches, Goldfinches and Linnets, a Greenfinch was logged on 1st and two were seen on 5th. Two Siskins were present on 3rd, followed by singles on 23rd & 24th and two on 25th. A Lesser Redpoll was seen on 7th.

Rarities and scarcities

Four Shelducks flew out of the Landing Bay as Oldenburg arrived on 2nd and two were seen again on 3rd. A Honey-buzzard flew over Ackland's Moor on 2rd mobbed by Herring Gulls (a record subject to acceptance by DBRC). A stunning male Rose-coloured Starling first seen by Old Light on 6th remained until 8th; another was seen briefly by the Pigsty on 21st. Two Canada Geese flew out to sea off the West Side on 10th. A Yellowhammer was at the Pigsty on 23rd. During stormy weather on 24th a Quail was flushed from beside a path in South West Field.

JULY - Max temp 32.1°C, min 9.6°C, mean 16.9°C. Rainfall 26.3 mm. 72 species recorded

Most of the month was clear, calm and hot. Temperatures were regularly over 20°C. The wind picked up on 24th bringing some light rain. The final week was humid with most days overcast or with low cloud and fog.

Migration started to pick up again this month, with Swifts recorded on 23 dates, the biggest flocks, both of 12, on 4th & 11th. Five **Grey Herons** passed through on 5th, with singles logged on five other dates. A Siskin was recorded on 1st and single Collared Doves on 2nd & 8th. Two Spotted Flycatchers were recorded on 3rd. Grey Wagtails flew over calling on 5th & 11th and a Tree Pipit flew over on 13th A Rook flew south on 10th A Merlin on 11th was an unexpected summer record and only the third July occurrence for the island. Cormorants were recorded on six dates, including 10 on 18th. A Little Egret was photographed flying over the Castle on 22nd. The first returning Pied Flycatcher appeared on 22nd. A total of 14 Sand Martins were logged, including a flock of seven on 22nd. A single **Cuckoo** was seen on 21st and a single **House Martin** flew through on 30th.

Warblers started arriving again from the beginning of the month, with a Willow Warbler on 1st and two Garden Warblers on 4th. A large fall of Willow Warblers occurred on 26th with at least 72 during the morning census. A Grasshopper Warbler was heard on 20th and single Blackcaps on three days late in the month. The first south-bound Sedge Warbler was noted on 20th.

Wader numbers started to increase as birds moved south away from Arctic breeding grounds. A Golden Plover was logged on 22nd after a brief downpour and a Whimbrel was calling in the Landing Bay on 30th. Single Curlews were recorded on four dates, with two on 27th, and single Dunlins occurred on 26th & 29th. A Common Sandpiper was around Rat Island on 21st & 22nd. Many of the island's seabirds, particularly auks, were starting to head back out to sea. Only three Puffins were seen on 31st.

Young Peregrines were frequently heard calling and seen testing their hunting skills. Whilst our breeding **Swallows** were still raising young, the first returning migrant birds began to pass through from 16th. The lone male Song Thrush was last recorded on 17th. Post-breeding flocks of **Linnets** were building up towards the end of the month, reaching 214 on 27th.

Rarities and scarcities

A single Turnstone flew over the Landing Bay on 25th. Two Green Sandpipers were flushed from Rocket Pole Pond on the morning of the 29th; one was then seen on Quarter Wall Pond and calling around Pondsbury. A Redshank was on Pondsbury on 8th and two flew over calling in low cloud on the morning of the 30th. During a seawatch on 24th a Balearic Shearwater flew past the island.

BREEDING SPECIES IN 2022

The following 36 species were confirmed as successfully fledging young:

Mallard Shag Blackbird Kestrel Robin Woodpigeon Oystercatcher Peregrine Stonechat Kittiwake **Carrion Crow** Wheatear **Great Black-backed Gull** Raven **House Sparrow Herring Gull** Skylark Dunnock Lesser Black-backed Gull Swallow Pied Wagtail Guillemot Chiffchaff Meadow Pipit Razorbill Sedge Warbler **Rock Pipit** Puffin Whitethroat Chaffinch Fulmar Wren Linnet Manx Shearwater Starling Goldfinch

In addition, confirmed breeding attempts were made by Blackcap and Teal but no young are known to have fledged. Storm Petrel almost certainly bred near North Light, Brazen Ward and at the Battery.



▲ Razorbill, Jenny's Cove (photo: Richard Campey).

AUGUST - Rainfall 69.9 mm. 91 species recorded

The first week was bright and warm with light winds from the north and northeast. Winds continued from the northeast up to 15th, often picking up in the afternoon. Thereafter, the wind turned to the southwest for a time and most days were overcast with rain and low cloud. More settled weather returned towards the end of the month, though winds from the north and northeast built in strength. The 26th brought low cloud and dense fog.

Migration for some species was in full flow. A flock of 90 Swifts on 10th was the highest count of the year. Four **Grey Herons** arrived on 1st, two seen regularly until 8th, with two also logged on 22nd & 30th. Forty Goldfinches were counted on 7th, and two Siskins were logged on 4th & 14th. Thirteen **House Martins** on 9th was the highest count of the month, with records on only six other days. Sand Martins were more frequent, with counts of 10 or more on five days. After a gap of a few weeks, flycatchers started moving again with a single Pied Flycatcher and Spotted Flycatcher on 9th; the highest counts of the latter were 13 on 24th, while Pied Flycatchers peaked at six on 14th. Two Stock Doves were present on 11th and the last Cuckoo was seen on 12th. A single Greenfinch was logged on 12th. A Sparrowhawk arrived on 12th and stayed until the end of the month, with a second bird on three days. Single Redstarts were recorded on 6th, 9th and 31st, with a single Black Redstart on 22nd. Autumn Whinchats peaked at three (on 29th) after the first returning bird on 13th. A Grey Wagtail flew over and the first five White Wagtails arrived on 25th Woodpigeons reached nine on 25th and a single Collared Dove was recorded on 28th. A total of 212 Linnet was logged on 29th, the same day that a Buzzard flew over the Village.

Waders were noticeably on the move, with 15 species recorded, including a few Lundy scarcities. After a single Golden Plover on 9th & 10th, a Lapwing was seen on 29th. Although 15 Ringed Plovers were logged during the month, the only flock concerned three on 16th. Single Whimbrels passed through on five dates, with four on 21st, whilst lone Curlews were logged on three days, with two (accompanied by a Whimbrel) on 24th. Dunlins too, on nine days, were all single birds apart from a flock of five on 27th. Snipe were regular in wet areas, with a max of four on 10th. Common Sandpiper were recorded on five dates, max two on 18th.

The right conditions overnight produced an incredible fall of 400 Willow Warblers on 1st, but only four were seen the next day. Whilst numbers varied between 15 and 40 daily thereafter, there were peaks of 62 on 12th and 120 on 14th. Numbers of all other warblers remained low. Chiffchaff numbers peaked at 10 on 24th. Ten Sedge Warblers were present on 1st, followed by ones and twos for the remainder of the month, whilst scattered records of Garden Warbler and Blackcap were also in low single digits. Single Grasshopper Warblers occurred on two days, rising to two on 27th. The first dates for autumnal crests were 15th for Goldcrest and 29th for **Firecrest**, both species peaking at two on 31st.

At one point it was getting difficult to distinguish between local breeding birds and new arrivals. Whitethroats were still being seen frequently in Millcombe but these would have been a mix of locally breeding birds and migrants. Swallows were seen every day as the breeding birds were feeding young and migrants were heading south; the highest count was 65 on 24th, Stonechats had a good breeding season and there were peaks of 13 and 14 on 10th & 12th respectively. Meanwhile, Wheatear numbers were dropping as the resident breeders departed and birds from further north were yet to pass through. The only **Chaffinches** present were the local breeders, though there were signs of other finch species (principally **Goldfinch** and **Linnet**) moving through. With many of Lundy's Peregrines leaving the island after the departure of the seabirds, only four were loaged during the month.

Winds from the north provided good conditions for seawatching. A Red-throated Diver was off North End on 3rd, where a Puffin was seen on 5th and single Guillemots were seen on 14th & 31st. An Arctic Skua was seen from Oldenburg as it passed South West Point on 30th. Three Black-headed Gulls, a Common Gull, a Mediterranean Gull and two Manx Shearwaters flew past the island on 31st. A Sandwich Tern passed Rat Island on 11th. Small groups of Cormorants included three on 9th & 19th.

Rarities and scarcities

A Garganey on Pondsbury on 3rd was the first since 2007. A female/immature Marsh Harrier flew over Barton Field on 8th and a juvenile Yellow-legged Gull was in Tillage Field on 17th. A flock of five Crossbills flew over Millcombe calling on 28th. Among a few scarce waders were a Greenshank calling in the Landing Bay on 22nd and a Wood Sandpiper, also calling in the Landing Bay, on 30th A Black-tailed Godwit flew over Halfway Wall with four Whimbrel on 21st. During a seawatch from South West Point on 31st, two Turnstones and a Redshank flew north. while Pondsbury was the place for Green Sandpipers, with two there on 14th, one on 29th and another two on 31st.

SEPTEMBER - Rainfall 94.4 mm. 90 species recorded

The 1st of the month was calm before strong southwesterly winds and overnight rain set in. Strong winds continued from the southwest until 13th when they shifted to the east. The wind dropped on 14th, coming from the north. Settled weather continued until 22nd followed by further strong southwesterly winds and scattered showers. After a brief calmer interlude, the month ended with continuous strong winds from the southwest and heavy rain.

September marked the last sightings for a few summer visitors, whilst other species were still passing through in high numbers. The earliest autumn Ring Ouzel for many years was in VC Quarry on 2nd, with one or two birds mid-month. Finch passage was slow with little change in the number of breeding species. The highest counts of Goldfinch and Linnet were both on 2nd with 35 and 125 respectively. Two Lesser Redpolls were noted on 3rd. Ten Spotted Flycatchers were seen on 2nd, and numbers peaked at 20 on 14th. **Pied Flycatchers** were seen on 15 dates, peaking at six on 11th. Two Redstarts were present on 2nd, the young male seen again on 4th, with single birds on two further days mid-month. A female Merlin was about on eight dates from 5th. At least one **Sparrowhawk** was logged nearly every day, with up to six on 28th. The **Kestrel** family were also seen on and off throughout the month. Whinchats were remarkably frequent. After one on 1st, a group of three were seen across the island up to the 6th. There were high counts of four on 12th & 18th and 12 on 14th. A female Teal was present on Pondsbury from the 4th, increasing to three on 23rd. A Short-eared Owl was flushed by the Stonecrusher on the morning of 14th and flew towards Benjamin's Chair. Wheatear numbers increased when the winds shifted towards the east on 12th, peaking at 63 on 14th but dropping back to single figures after 17th. The number of Woodpigeons peaked at 10 on 12th. The last Swifts of the year were singles on 15th & 17th. A Treecreeper was ringed in Millcombe on 17th and seen again next day. There were a few big days of hirundine passage, with a max of 71 Sand Martins on 2nd, 100 House Martins on 23rd, the same date as the peak count of approximately 12,000 Swallows passing over the Castle in two hours. Three Siskins and a Lesser Redpoll were logged on 18th. The first Water Rails since June were heard back in Millcombe on 19th. Another Short-eared Owl was near Pondsbury during the evenings of 21st & 22nd. A Black Redstart was seen on 23rd. It is often difficult to differentiate between 'local' and passage Stonechats, though a count of 12 on 23rd and 10 on 24th were likely to have included migrants. A flock of 12 Common Scoter flew past South West Point on 24th. An influx of Robins occurred on 25th, with 30 counted in Millcombe and along the East Side. The first Redwing of autumn arrived in Millcombe on 27th.

The 14th was an excellent day for passerine migration with 200 Blackcaps, 30 Willow Warblers, 45 Chiffchaffs, 30 Whitethroats, four Garden Warblers, two Grasshopper Warblers, a Sedge Warbler and the first Yellow-browed Warbler of the year. There were also 20 Spotted Flycatchers, a Pied Flycatcher, 12 Whinchats and 63 Wheatears.

The highest count of **Willow Warblers** was 115 on 2nd, whereas the highest count of **Whitethroat** was just four on the same day. Two **Yellow-browed Warblers** were present on 19th, one in Millcombe and one on the Terrace. A single **Grasshopper Warbler** and four **Sedge Warblers** were logged on 2nd. The last **Sedge Warbler** of the year was on 23rd. Single **Reed Warblers** were seen on 2nd & 19th and the only **Lesser Whitethroat** of autumn was seen on 15th. Following the fall on 14th, **Blackcap** numbers dropped to 33 on 15th, 29 on 16th and 34 on 17th but there was another big arrival on 25th with 100 logged. Single **Garden Warblers** were seen on 12th, 21st & 25th. Crests were also passing through, with a high count of 30 **Goldcrests** on 25th and on average at least three per day. Three **Firecrests** were present on 9th, two on 4th & 12th and one on 11 other dates.

There was some excellent passage of pipits and wagtails. The first two **Yellow Wagtails** of the autumn flew over South West Field on 2nd, with one or two on 11 further dates. **Grey Wagtails** were also frequent, with a maximum of five on 21st. The highest counts of **Pied / White Wagtails** were on 1st & 2nd with 21 and 18 respectively. **White Wagtails** were seen on 4th, 5th & 23rd. **Meadow Pipit** migration was strongest towards the end of the month, with high counts of 140 on 14th, 200 on 23rd and 150 on 25th. Ten **Tree Pipits** passed through on 2nd, with records on five subsequent days.

Wader passage slowed during the month. A flock of seven **Ringed Plovers** flew over South West Field on 2nd. Three **Golden Plovers** were seen on 12th & 15th, with singles on six further days and four on 26th. A single **Ringed Plover** was flying around Tent Field and the Village from 9th to 13th. Single **Lapwings** were recorded on 17th & 25th. The only **Whimbrel** was one on 21st. Single **Curlews** were recorded on 11th & 17th. At least one **Dunlin** was present every day from 9th to 17th, a flock of 12 on 11th the highest count. **Snipe** were still frequent, seen on 21 days, with a peak of five on 17th.

At sea, a first-year **Black-headed Gull** was in the Landing Bay from 8th to 11th. Three **Arctic Skuas** were seen during the month; one flew close by *Oldenburg*, just ten minutes out from Lundy, on 8th and others were logged on 15th & 22nd. A few small groups of **auks** were seen during seawatches, a maximum of 32 being counted on 26th. A few **Manx Shearwaters** also flew past, including seven on 24th.

Rarities and scarcities

Two calling **Turnstones** flew over Millcombe on 4th. Another **Turnstone** and a **Redshank** were heard flying over on 6th. An **Osprey** flew past Gannets' Rock on 2nd. A juvenile **Common Rosefinch** was briefly in Millcombe on 9th. On 13th an **Osprey** was seen heading past the Castle and over *Oldenburg*. The first **Wryneck** of autumn was on the Terrace on 12th. On the same date an **Ortolan Bunting** was flushed by the Stonecrusher (a record subject to acceptance by DBRC). Further **Wrynecks** turned up near Pondsbury on 14th and in Smelly Gully from 18th to 20th, the latter being joined by a second individual on 21st. A juvenile **Rose-coloured Starling** was first seen roosting with **Common Starlings** in the Black Shed on the evening of the 15th, remaining until 24th. A juvenile **Hawfinch** was in Millcombe on 19th. A second juvenile **Common Rosefinch** was ringed in Millcombe on 23rd. During a seawatch on 27th an adult winter **Sabine's Gull** flew past South West Point.

OCTOBER - Rainfall 77.2 mm. 98 species recorded

A very mild month with occasional rain showers quickly moving through. Strong southwesterly winds continued for most of the month with only a few calmer days, these including 8th, 11th, 13th & 20th. Strong easterlies on 18th & 19th quickly reverted to the southwest on 21st.

October is typically the month of the first arrivals of wintering birds from Scandinavia but also the final sightings of our summer migrants. A Treecreeper first seen in Millcombe on 2nd stayed until the 15th. Goldcrests were seen every day, including high counts of 100 on 2nd, 50 on 8th and 41 on 26th. Yellow-browed Warblers were recorded regularly, with singles on five dates and two on three dates; three were ringed on 11th. There were three records of single Pied Flycatchers in the first half of the month. A Spotted Flycatcher was present on four days, the last of the year in Millcombe on 20th. A single Tree Pipit was heard on 9th. The family of **Kestrels** was still present, with all four being recorded on 9th. Two **Redstarts** were seen on 10th and another on 13th. Black Redstarts were recorded from the 11th, with a peak of four on 20th. Notable **Skylark** passage occurred on 13th & 18th, with 170 and 70 birds respectively. Firecrests were logged on 16 days, with a maximum count of three on 11th, 12th and 14th. Blackcaps were recorded most days with up to 40 on 14th. Fly-over Yellow Wagtails were logged on 12 dates, including three on 12th. The maximum Woodpigeon count reached eight on 14th. Two Stock Doves arrived on 18th, one still present on 19th. There were also a few more days of notable hirundine migration, with 600 Swallows logged on 11th & 13th and 300 House Martins on 13th, while of 12 Sand Martins logged during the month, five flew through on 11th. At least two Sparrowhawks were seen on most days, with up to three from 15th. A few late Whinchats turned up on 16th & 21st, coinciding with arrivals of Stonechats, including 30 on 13th. Merlins were being seen frequently, with a high count of three on 17th. Meadow Pipits peaked at 600 on 13th and 400 on 18th. Grey Wagtails and unidentified Pied / White Wagtails were frequently heard flying over, with maxima of six Grevs and 35 Pied / White Wagtails on 13th. Twenty White Wagtails were confirmed during the month. Of two ringtail Hen Harriers, one flew south out to sea on 18th while the other arrived on 23rd and stayed until the end of the month. Two Grev Herons were logged on 12th & 24th, followed by one on 29th, A Jackdaw first seen in Brick Field on 22nd remained to the end of the month. A Wigeon on Pondsbury from 23rd also stayed to the end of the month. The last Willow Warbler was seen on 28th, the day on which Starlings began arriving in large numbers, peaking at 600 on 28th.

There was a significant arrival of winter thrushes on 19th & 20th in strong easterly winds, with 2,000 Fieldfares, 1,500 Redwings, four Ring Ouzels and a Mistle Thrush logged on 19th. A record 4,000 Fieldfares were present on 20th, along with 700 Redwings, 20 Ring Ouzels and a Mistle Thrush. There were also small influxes of Blackbirds and Song Thrushes and a further Mistle Thrush was present on 24th.

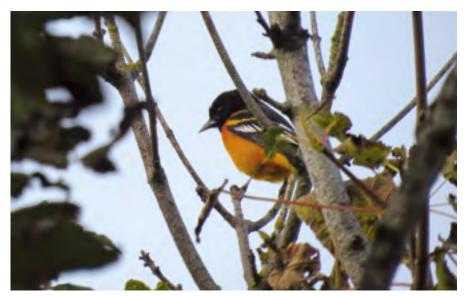
Finches and buntings were also on the move, with 2,000 **Chaffinches** counted on 18th and 1,200 on 20th – an obvious gear-shift from just eight at the beginning of the month! A few **Bramblings** arrived with the Chaffinches, the first being in Millcombe on 11th. Reed Buntings also started arriving from 11th, with a peak of 12 on 16th. Siskins were increasingly frequent and numerous, with 200 logged on 13th, the same day that a single Lapland Bunting was heard. A Bullfinch was heard and seen briefly on 19th, 20th & 24th. There were 14 records of Greenfinch including five on 11th and three on 13th, while **Goldfinches** peaked at 52 on 13th. Linnet counts trended downwards, from 122 on 13th to just one or two from 26th. Ten Lesser Redpolls were recorded, most later in the month, and there was a long-staying group of Snow Buntings from 15th to 23rd with a maximum of eight on 22nd.

Small numbers of migrant waders continued to pass through. Two **Lapwings** on 19th rose to seven the next day. **Golden Plovers** were recorded on 14 dates, including four on 8th & 17th. Single **Ringed Plovers** were seen on three days. Three **Dunlins** flew over on 20th, a single **Jack Snipe** was at Pondsbury on 19th, with a monthly high of five **Snipe** the same day. The first **Woodcock** of the autumn was flushed on 11th.

Flocks of **Kittiwakes** built up off the East Side towards the end of the month, peaking at 1,550 on 21st. Other small gulls arriving with them included a **Black-headed Gull** on 15th & 16th and six **Mediterranean Gulls** on 21st followed by singles on 17th & 29th. Four **Common Gulls** were logged on seven dates, peaking at 10 on 21st. Other seabirds included seven **Arctic Skuas**, with three on 21st, and a **Great Skua** on 19th. Unidentified '**commic' terns** were seen off the East Side on 15th (five) and 19th (three). A **Great Northern Diver** flew past North Light on 16th, **Manx Shearwaters** were still passing by, with a peak of 12 on 15th, and 150 **Gannets** were logged on 26th, the highest count of the year. Four **Cormorants** passed by on both 8th & 18th, with a single bird on 11th.

Rarities and scarcities

A juvenile **Black-tailed Godwit** was on Pondsbury on 3rd. Another juvenile **Rose-coloured Starling** turned up on 6th, remaining until 10th. A **Sooty Shearwater** flew past off the Castle and a **Red Kite** flew over on 8th. Also on 8th a stunning adult male **Baltimore Oriole** was found in Millcombe, undoubtedly the rarity highlight of the year. A **Cetti's Warbler** was ringed in Millcombe and an elusive **Wryneck** was by the Rocket Pole on 10th & 11th. A **Yellowhammer** flew over the Church calling on 16th. A **Great Spotted Woodpecker** flew south over the Village on 19th. A late **Hobby** first seen on the evening of 19th roosted in Millcombe and was seen the next morning before continuing south. A **Turnstone** was with three **Oystercatchers** on Rat Island on 21st. A **Little Bunting** was in Millcombe on 24th, followed by a first-winter **Red-breasted Flycatcher** on 27th.



▲ Baltimore Oriole, Millcombe, 8th October (photo: Angus Croudace).

LAST DATES FOR SUMMER MIGRANTS

5th Puffin August 12th Cuckoo September 13th Osprey

14th Grasshopper Warbler

17th Swift

19th Reed Warbler

23rd Sedge Warbler

25th Whitethroat, Garden Warbler

9th Tree Pipit October

11th Pied Flycatcher

13th Redstart

17th Sand Martin, Wheatear

18th House Martin

20th Hobby, Spotted Flycatcher

23rd Yellow Wagtail 24th Whinchat

28th Willow Warbler

November 4th Ring Ouzel

10th Manx Shearwater 12th Grey Wagtail 14th Swallow 27th White Wagtail

30th Blackcap

December 7th Chiffchaff

FIRST DATES FOR AUTUMN MIGRANTS/WINTER VISITORS

July 8th Redshank, Curlew

11th Merlin

21st Common Sandpiper 22nd Golden Plover 25th Turnstone

29th Green Sandpiper 30th Whimbrel

1st Snipe, Ringed Plover August

> 15th Goldcrest 22nd Black Redstart

29th Firecrest, Lapwing

September 14th Short-eared Owl.

Yellow-browed Warbler

27th Redwing

11th Brambling, Reed Bunting, October

Woodcock

12th Lapland Bunting 15th Snow Bunting

16th Great Northern Diver

18th Fieldfare

19th Jack Snipe



▲ Male Blackcap, Millcombe (photo: Richard Campey).

▼ Whimbrel, Tent Field, 27th April (photo: Laura Piratique).



NOVEMBER - Rainfall 246.3 mm. 71 species recorded

Strong winds for the majority of the month, mostly from the west, with short-lived calmer interludes with winds mainly from the north and northeast. Frequent showers, usually passing through in bands, but occasional days with low cloud and constant heavy rain. Still fairly mild for the time of year but a noticeable drop in overnight temperatures, particularly towards the end of the month.

Migration was finally slowing down. The Wigeon first seen in October was still present up to 8th. whilst the Jackdaw remained throughout the month. Meadow Pipits were noticeably fewer as they vacated the island for the winter, with 30 on 2nd & 3rd being the highest counts. In comparison, the number of Rock Pipits being seen increased as they moved up onto the plateau during rough weather. Goldcrests remained frequent, with a maximum of eight on 3rd. A single Snow Bunting was near North End on 3rd and a Reed Bunting was at Pondsbury on 3rd, 4th & 8th. The last Ring Ouzel of the year was seen on 4th, the same day as a lone Stock Dove flew over. The peak Fieldfare count was just 39 on 4th. Two Mistle Thrushes were logged on 4th, followed by singles on 5th & 6th. Of two late **Swallows**, one was sitting in Brick Field with **Starlings** on 1st and the other was present from 12th to 14th. Grey Wagtails were seen on 3rd & 4th, with the last on 12th. There was a small movement of Skylarks, including 20 on 12th. A Yellow-browed Warbler was on the Terrace on 12th. Chaffinches were still passing through in good numbers, with the highest count of 1,036 on 12th. Also on 12th were the peak counts of four Bramblings, 178 Siskins and 24 Linnets. There were three counts of around 300 Chaffinches on 1st, 6th & 19th. Goldfinches peaked at just six on 15th while three Lesser Redpolls on 9th were followed by two records of single birds. Chiffchaffs were logged on 19 dates, including a high of five on 13th & 15th, A female Reed Bunting was by Quarter Wall on 15th & 16th, Black Redstarts were regular around the coast, being recorded on 13 days, with a peak of four on 12th. Three Pied Wagtails were present on 13th & 14th, with singles on three other dates. Single White Wagtails were confirmed on five dates. Blackcaps were seen regularly until 17th, with a high count of 10 on 12th; the last birds of the year were three ringed in Millcombe on 30th. Redwings continued to pass through, with 229 on 17th the highest count. An arrival of Blackbirds on 19th saw 59 in Millcombe and along the East Side. Up to three Sparrowhawks and three Kestrels were still being seen frequently across the south of the island, and a single Merlin was logged on eight dates. The juvenile Hen Harrier was seen foraging in the vicinity of Quarter Wall until 18th. The highest count of **Teal** on Pondsbury was five on 23rd. Large numbers of migrating **Starlings** passed through, with 600 on 26th and 1,140 on 29th. A Siberian Chiffchaff (of the race tristis) was seen on 29th & 30th. A Lapland Bunting was heard flying over on 30th.

A few waders were still passing through, among them a **Lapwing** on 4^{th} & 12^{th} and single **Golden Plovers** on 4^{th} , 15^{th} & 28^{th} . **Woodcocks** were logged on four dates, including three on 16^{th} . The highest count of **Snipe** was five on 15^{th} .

There was limited movement of seabirds. Counts of **Kittiwake** flocks off the East Side included 600 on 9th. A late **Manx Shearwater** flew past on 2nd, followed by three on 10th. A single passing **Fulmar** was logged on 27th.

Rarities and scarcities

A few unexpected rarities turned up, including the island's seventh **Pallas's Warbler**, ringed in Millcombe on 3rd. A **Purple Sandpiper** was on Rat Island on 8th and an adult **Yellow-legged Gull** was seen on 9th. A **Balearic Shearwater** flew past Rat Island with three **Manx Shearwaters** on 10th. A **Barn Owl** was heard screeching as it flew over the Village on 13th, whilst a **Long-eared Owl** was seen and later ringed in Millcombe on 18th.



▲ Great Northern Diver, Landing Bay, 24th November (photo: Stuart Cossey).

DECEMBER - Rainfall 134.4mm, 53 species recorded

Very cold at the beginning of the month with freezing temperatures due to winds from the north. Stronger winds from the west and southwest from the 17th brought milder conditions. Frequent rain and low cloud towards the end of the month.

December on Lundy is usually one of quieter months as autumn migration finally comes to an end and inclement weather conditions typically prevail. There was a week of cold weather movement as birds arrived to escape snow on the mainland. Woodcocks were recorded on four dates. including three on 1st and two on 28th, A Reed Bunting was heard flying over on 1st. The number of **Snipe** peaked at seven on 2nd. A **Little Egret** flew out of the Landing Bay on 2nd. A single **Linnet** was seen on 4th. Small numbers of Skylarks were seen up to 6th, followed by singles on 16th & 22nd. The last **Chiffchaff** of the year was in Millcombe on 7th. Seven **Goldfinches** were logged on 7th, two on 4th & 6th and singles on 1st & 6th. At least one Sparrowhawk, Kestrel and Merlin continued to be seen across the island. A Buzzard visited from 15th to 24th, whilst the long-staying Jackdaw was still present around the Village until the end of the year. The highest counts of winter thrushes were during the cold weather mid-month: 64 Fieldfares on 15th and 57 Redwings and 10 Song Thrushes on 17th. Teal counts at Pondsbury peaked at nine on 16th and highs of 101 Lapwings and 49 Golden Plovers were recorded on 17th. One or two Goldcrests – likely overwintering individuals - were in Millcombe all month. The last Stonechat was seen on 15th and a Pied Wagtail was around Barton Field between 17th & 24th. Chaffinches were present all month, including a flock of 40 passing through, along with a Siskin, on the unusual date of 20th,

Single Common and Black-headed Gulls flew low over the island during strong winds on 18th & 19th respectively. Numbers of large gulls increased towards the end of the month with around 100 Herring Gulls in Lighthouse or Brick Fields. Forty-eight Great Black-backed Gulls were counted on 19th and 45 on 28th. A few seabirds were briefly seen back on the breeding ledges, including 17 Fulmars and 57 Guillemots on 8th. One or two Great Northern Divers were seen periodically in the Landing Bay all month.

Rarities and scarcities

A Greylag Goose first photographed in Brick Field on 15th was then seen on and off until the end of the year. Two **Purple Sandpipers** were found at Brazen Ward on 20th.