post. One of his most arduous duties is that of promoting liaison between the various stations and centralizing all their records, and arising from this is the inauguration of a new B.T.O. Bulletin, Bird Migration, the first issue of which I have brought to this meeting for inspection. Here is provided firstly brief summaries of their more important observations during 1958 from all the observatories participating in the work, and secondly attempts to interpret the more outstanding records both of rarities and of large scale movements of more commonplace species in terms of the known or suspected pattern of migration in Europe but also in terms of the relation of individual movements to the weather over Europe and the North Atlantic. This makes it possible to see how the work of an individual observatory contributes to the analysis of the pattern of bird migration across Britain, and in the long run across Europe. Also, and more important, our individual gropings after explanations of local phenomena are now illuminated against the background of a comprehensive analysis of bird movement on the wider scale.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Release of Common Lizards (Lacerta viviparus)

During the summer of 1958 a visiting boy brought sixteen common lizards from the mainland and released them near the Old Light. Such casual introductions are to be deplored, but it is important to watch their development if they occur. Anyone seeing any lizards on the island is therefore asked to report the observation to the Warden, with full particulars, in order that records may be kept.

Changes in Arrangements for Accommodation

In place of the arrangements hitherto, whereby graduated charges have been made for board and lodging, we shall now make a flat charge of 5s. per night for accommodation, and visitors must make their own purchases of food from the Stores and do their own cooking, utensils, fuel, etc. being provided. The Warden will supervise the mutual adjustment of visitors' demands for the stoves and utensils.

Except at the busiest seasons, an evening meal may usually be obtained at the Hotel, by prior arrangement with the Hotel Manager, from whom menu and tariff may be ascertained at the time.

Prizes for Field Work on Lundy

In order to encourage the interest of young biologists and others, and thanks to the generosity of one of our members, we are able to offer two prizes, of £10 and £5 respectively, for essays describing the results of field work by individuals on Lundy during 1959.

Essays must be submitted by not later than 9th January 1960, and can only be accepted from young people who will not have reached the age of twenty-one before November 1959. Full particulars of the scheme may be had from the Hon. Secretary, who will also be prepared to offer suggestions and advice on the problem to be attempted.

The Report

Owing to circumstances over which he has no control, the Editor regrets that he has been forced to omit certain items which have appeared regularly in the past. It is hoped that this is temporary only, and in future reports to resume publication of these features.

OBITUARY

It is with deep sorrow that we have to record the death on March 18th of our Chairman, Major A. B. Gay, at the comparatively early age of 63 years. It is not improbable that very few members who have not served on the Committee may know Gay, so modest and retiring was he. But to those who had the fortune to know him he was a source of strength and help second to none. No request, whether for information or for practical help, was ever rejected, and he went to endless pains and personal inconvenience to satisfy the humblest who came to him. He never spoke an unkind word of anyone, although he was often wearied by the importunate. In committee he was able and sagacious, a good judge of a man and a situation, and firm and loyal in his support. The Society will be hard put to it to find a successor of his breadth of outlook and

personal quality.

For many years now, Gay has acted as assistant curator in the Royal Albert Memorial Museum, Exeter, and it has been his untiring devotion and his biological insight which has brought the collections there into as fine a state as may be seen in any museum outside our big cities. Himself an expert in the birds and the Lepidoptera although he would have been the first to deny this—he was always on the alert to improve the cabinets, enlarging their contents judiciously and bringing their taxonomic arrangement up-to-date. But not content with this, he always sought the help of other experts to bring the collections of other groups of animals into a like state of perfection. His objective was to build a reference collection, centred round the British fauna, but wherever possible on a still wider scale. He did not attain this ideal, for no man could, but he went far along the road, and the collections of the Museum will long stand as a memorial to a man who has put all the natural historians of the south-west irredeemably in his debt.